KWANLIN DÜN FIRST NATION

An Act to Repeal and Replace the Lands and Resources Act, 2014 (the "Lands Act")

October 2019

Kwanlin Dün First Nation

LANDS ACT

Enacted on this	day of 2017
The Seal of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation	Chief Doris Bill
Councillor Jessie Dawson	Councillor Howard MacIntosh
Councillor Dennis Calbery	Councillor Sean Smith
Councillor Ray Sydney	Councillor Charles Chief

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The Council of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation hereby enacts as follows:

PREAMBLE

- A. By means of a majority vote in a referendum conducted in accordance with the Constitution of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation, beneficiaries have authorized the Council to enact a Kwanlin Dün First Nation Lands Act to allow for the management of settlement land, including the use of interests in that land, and to provide for the proper stewardship of settlement land for future generations.
- B. The Council has determined that it is in the best interest of beneficiaries and citizens that settlement land be managed in a respectful and sustainable way allowing for the
- protection of Kwanlin Dün First Nation culture, traditions, values and way of life while providing opportunities for economic development and the betterment of all citizens.
 - C. While this law applies to all persons who use, access, possess or occupy settlement land, the Kwanlin Dün First Nation must implement and administer this Act in a manner that acknowledges and protects the specific rights and interests of the beneficiaries as set out in the final agreement.
 - D. The management and administration of settlement land under this Act must be fair, objective and transparent.

PART 1 INTERPRETATION

Definitions

1. In this Act

"allocation" means an interest granted as an allocation under Part 4;

"allocation holder" means a citizen or beneficiary that holds an allocation;

"applicant" in respect of an application for an interest or authorization under this Act, means the person who makes the application;

"authorization" means a licence, permit or other approval of a similar type that is issued under this Act but does not include a disposition;

"beneficiary" means an individual enrolled under Chapter 3 of the final agreement;

"citizen" has the same meaning as in the Constitution;

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"common-law partner" in relation to an individual means another individual who is cohabiting with the individual in a conjugal relationship having so cohabited for a period of at least one year;

"decision body" has the same meaning as in YESAA;

"decision document" has the same meaning as in YESAA;

"department" means the Department of Heritage, Lands and Resources as established by section 118;

"designated waters" means the waters prescribed by regulation made under section 162;

"development" means an activity carried out on, over or under settlement land that changes the nature, purpose, or function of settlement land but does not include an activity that is a traditional activity;

"director" means the individual appointed under section 119 as the director;

"dispose", of an interest in settlement land, means to grant in accordance with this Act;

"disposition", of an interest in settlement land, means the granting of the interest in accordance with this Act;

"document" means a piece of written, printed, or electronic matter that provides information including but not limited to a book, journal, sound recording, video tape, film, photograph, chart, graph, map, plan, survey, model, report;

"easement" means an interest granted as an easement in accordance with Part 4;

"fee simple interest" means the following as referred to in Chapter 5 of the final agreement:

- (a) fee simple title; or
- (b) a right, obligation or liability equivalent to fee simple title;

"immediate family member" of an individual means the spouse, common-law partner, child, adopted child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, sibling or grandparent of the individual;

"inspector" means an individual appointed under section 126 as an inspector;

"instrument", in respect of an interest, means the document setting out the interest that is granted and any terms or conditions to which the interest is subject;

"interest", in respect of settlement land, means an interest in settlement land that is one of the following types:

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- (a) fee simple,
- (b) allocation,
- (c) easement, or
- (d) lease;

"lands and resources register" means the lands and resources register established under section 105;

"land use plan" means a plan referred to in Schedule 2;

"lease" means an interest granted as a lease in accordance with Part 4;

"litter" includes any rubbish, refuse, garbage, paper, packaging, containers, bottles, cans, manure, human or animal excrement, sewage, the whole or part of an animal carcass, the whole or part of a vehicle or piece of machinery, construction material, or demolition waste that is abandoned or discarded and anything prescribed by regulation;

"minerals" has the same meaning as in Chapter 1 of the final agreement;

"mines" has the same meaning as in Chapter 1 of the final agreement;

"oil" has the same meaning as in Chapter 1 of the final agreement;

"parcel" means a portion of settlement land;

"personal information" means recorded information about an identifiable individual, including

- (a) the individual's name, address, or telephone number,
- (b) the individual's race, nationality or ethnic origin, colour, or religious or political beliefs or associations,
- (c) the individual's age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, or family status,
- (d) an identifying number, symbol, or other particular assigned to the individual,
- (e) the individual's fingerprints, blood type, or inheritable characteristics,
- (f) information about the individual's health care history, including a physical or mental disability,
- (g) information about the individual's educational, financial, criminal, or employment history,
- (h) anyone else's opinions about the individual, and
- (i) the individual's personal views or opinions, except if they are about someone else;

"planned development parcel", in respect of settlement land, means a parcel of settlement land for which monies have been expended to determine parcel boundaries, road access, provision of utilities or other similar types of costs related to the development of that parcel;

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"possess", in respect of an interest in settlement land, means to hold the interest;

"public purpose" means a public work, building or space of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation or another government;

"public work" means a construction project, including a building, roadway, dam, that is:

- (a) financed by Kwanlin Dün First Nation funds; and
- (b) constructed by Kwanlin Dün First Nation for the benefit or use of citizens and beneficiaries;

"registrar" means the individual appointed under section 106 as the registrar of the lands and resources register;

"registration" of an interest in settlement land, means

- (a) in the case of an interest to be registered in the lands and resources register, an instrument registered in accordance with Part 9 of this Act, or
- (b) in the case of an interest to be registered under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon), an instrument registered in accordance with Part 3 of that Act ;

"self-government agreement" has the same meaning as in the Governance Act;

"settlement land" means Category A Settlement Land, Category B Settlement land or fee simple settlement land as set out in the final agreement and includes Lot 226 and resources;

"specified substances" has the same meaning as in Chapter 1 of the final agreement;

"subdivide" means the creation, adjustment, or realignment of a parcel of settlement land that requires registration of a legal plan of survey under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon);

"traditional activity" means a non-commercial activity, other than trapping, that

- (a) is undertaken by a citizen for food, water, subsistence or ceremonial purpose, or
- (b) strengthens or enhances social, educational, spiritual and cultural relationships and values between the citizen and another citizen or group of citizens;

"Type 2 parcel" means a parcel of settlement land referred to in section 28.1 of the self-government agreement;

"water" has the same meaning as 'waters' in the *Northern Inland Waters Act*, 1985 (Canada), as set out in Chapter 14 of the final agreement;

"YESAA" means the Yukon Environmental and Socio-economic Assessment Act, 2003 (Canada); and

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"zone", in respect of an area of settlement land, means a set of restrictions or permitted uses established by a regulation or bylaw to the use of that area of settlement land.

Interpretive rules

2. The interpretive rules set out in Schedule 1 of this Act apply to the interpretation of the Act, its regulations and rules.

Common Law

3. Unless a contrary intention appears in this Act, common law terms and concepts retain their common law meaning.

PART 2 PURPOSE AND APPLICATION

Purpose

4. The purpose of this Act is to provide for comprehensive and integrated decision-making about the use, management and disposition of interests in settlement land in a fair and efficient manner that includes full consideration of Kwanlin Dün First Nation economic, environmental, social, cultural, traditional and historic values.

Application of Act

- 5. (1) Subject to subsection (2), this Act applies to settlement land to the extent of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation's jurisdiction as provided under the Constitution and Kwanlin Dün First Nation laws.
- (2) In respect of the registration of settlement land, the provisions of the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon) apply to settlement land registered under that Act.

Conflict of Laws

- 6. (1) If a provision of this Act is inconsistent with
 - (a) a provision of the final agreement or self-government agreement, the provision of the final agreement or self-government agreement prevails to the extent of the inconsistency; or

- (b) a provision of a law of general application, the provision of this Act prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (2) If a provision of a rule made under this Act is inconsistent with a provision of a regulation made under this Act, the provision of the regulation prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.

PART 3 PLANNING, ZONING AND ASSESSMENT

DIVISION 1 LAND USE PLANS

Process for development, review or amendment

7. The director must establish a process to be approved by the Council for the development, review or amendment of a land use plan.

Development, review or amendment of a land use plan

8. In accordance with the process established under section 7, the director may develop, review or amend a land use plan.

Adoption

9. (1) The director must submit a land use plan or an amendment of a land use plan to the Council for adoption.

(2) The Council may adopt a land use plan or an amendment to a land use plan submitted to it by the director.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the Council must not adopt a land use plan or an amendment to a land use plan unless the process established under section 7 has been followed.

Additions to Schedule 2

10. Council may amend Schedule 2 by adding an adopted land use plan.

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DIVISION 2 ZONING

Purposes of zoning regulation

11. Except in respect of Type 2 parcels, a zoning regulation may prohibit, regulate, and control the use and development of land and buildings situated on settlement land.

Zoning regulations must conform to land use plans

12. Council must not pass a zoning regulation nor any portion of or amendment to it that is inconsistent with a provision of a land use plan adopted pursuant to section 9.

Adoption of zoning regulation

13. If a land use plan or an amendment to a land use plan is adopted, Council must within one year of the date of adoption make, if necessary, a zoning regulation applicable to the settlement land affected by the land use plan or amendment.

DIVISION 3 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASSESSMENT

Director to exercise duties of a decision body

14. If Kwanlin Dün First Nation is a decision body under YESAA, the director must, on behalf of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation, exercise all of the duties and carry out all of the functions of the decision body.

No development without a decision document

15. If a development is subject to assessment under YESAA, a person must not undertake that development unless a decision document allowing the development to proceed has been issued under YESAA and an authorization allowing the development has been issued under this Act.

PART 4 GRANTS OF INTERESTS IN SETTLEMENT LAND

DIVISION 1

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PROHIBITION, WTHDRAWAL, EXCEPTIONS AND RESERVATIONS TO GRANTS

Prohibition – no occupation

16. Except as provided in the final agreement, this Part or the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon), a person must not occupy settlement land.

Exceptions and reservations from each grant of interest

- 17. Except as otherwise specified in an instrument setting out an interest in settlement land, the following rights, interests, uses and privileges are excepted and reserved from each grant of an interest under this Part:
 - (a) all mines and minerals on or within the land subject to the interest;
 - (b) the right to work the mines and minerals referred to in paragraph (a);
 - (c) all oil and gas situated within the land subject to the interest;
 - (d) all timber situated on the land subject to the interest;
 - (e) all water or waterways within, on or flowing over or under the land subject to the interest;
 - (f) all beds of bodies of water where the lands subject to the interest border a body of water;
 - (g) all land situated within the 30.48 meters of the ordinary highwater mark of all designated waters;
 - (h) all fisheries and fishing, including all fishing on, around, or adjacent to the land subject to the interest.

Withdrawal of Lands

18. The Council may withdraw settlement land from disposition under this Act for any reason consistent with the public interest, including the use of that land by a government.

Interests must comply with the Act or Land Titles Act, 2015 (Yukon)

19. An interest in settlement land may only be created, granted, disposed of, assigned or transferred by an instrument issued in accordance with this Act or the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon).

Interests not enforceable unless registered

20. An interest in settlement land is not enforceable unless and until it is registered in the lands and resources register or under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon).

Transactions only in accordance with the Act

- 21. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a person who has the authority under this Act to grant, dispose of, assign or transfer an interest by means of creating or producing an instrument may only do so if
 - (a) the instrument is in writing; and
 - (b) the instrument is created or produced in accordance with this Act.

If error or fraud

22. The director may cancel or correct an interest in settlement land registered under this Act if the interest was granted in error, by mistake or by fraud.

Adverse possession

23. The common law doctrine of adverse possession does not apply to settlement land.

Title by prescription

24. Any existing method of acquiring a right or interest in or over land by prescription, including the common law doctrine of prescription and the doctrine of the lost modern grant does not apply to settlement land.

DIVISION 2 FEE SIMPLE INTERESTS, ALLOCATIONS, LEASES AND EASEMENTS

Limited case of fee simple interest

25. Except in accordance with section 9.6.1 of the final agreement, Kwanlin Dün First Nation may grant, convey, or otherwise dispose of a fee simple interest in settlement land only to Kwanlin Dün First Nation

Option A: If beneficiaries vote "yes" in the referendum that they want preference for offerings add these 2 sections.

Preference for beneficiaries

26. The director must offer beneficiaries the opportunity to apply for an interest in respect of a parcel within a planned development prior to offering the opportunity to citizens or non-citizens.

Preference for citizens and bemeficiaries

Option B: If beneficiaries vote "no" in the referendum that they do NOT want preference for offerings then section 27 is removed and 26 reads this way:

Preference for beneficiaries and citizens

26. The director must offer beneficiaries and citizens the opportunity to apply for an interest in respect of a parcel within a planned development prior to offering the opportunity to non-citizens.

Grant of interest to citizen or beneficiary - allocation

- 26. (1) Subject to sections 30 and 31, the director may grant an allocation to a parcel of settlement land to a citizen or beneficiary:
 - (a) who is 19 years of age or older; and
 - (b) who meets all prescribed requirements.
- (2) In the instrument granting an allocation of settlement land, the director
 - (a) must set out the term of the allocation; and
 - (b) may set out conditions to which the allocation is subject.

Certificate of Allocation

27. The director must issue a certificate of allocation in the form determined by the director, as evidence of the allocation interest.

28.

Eligible citizen or beneficiary

- 29. A citizen or beneficiary may apply for an allocation only if:
 - (a) she is 19 years of age or older; and
 - (b) she meets all prescribed requirements.

Allocation holder rights

- 30. (1) Subject to section 17, and the rights as defined in section 5.4.2 of the final agreement, an allocation in respect of a parcel of settlement land is an interest that entitles the citizen or beneficiary to:
 - (a) a right to exclusive occupation of the land; and
 - (b) subject to the approval of the director, transfer, devise, or otherwise dispose of the allocation
- i. to another citizen or beneficiary who meets the criteria in subsection 26(1)

or

ii. in trust to another citizen or beneficiary who is less than 19 years of age.

Purposes of allocations

- 31. An allocation may only be granted for one of the following purposes:
 - (a) residential; or
 - (b) traditional activities.

Maximum Number of Allocations

32. (1) A citizen or beneficiary may hold no more than one allocation for residential purposes.

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- (2) A citizen or beneficiary may hold no more than one allocation for the purpose of pursuing traditional activities.
- (3) For greater certainly, a citizen or beneficiary may not hold two allocations for the same purpose at the same time.

Size of Allocations

33. An allocation for traditional activities must be a minimum of 0.4 hectares.

Conversion

- 34. (1) In accordance with the regulations, the director may approve a request to convert a residential allocation to a lease.
- (2) For greater certainty, an allocation for traditional activities may not be converted to a lease.
- (3) In accordance with the regulations, the director may approve a request to convert a lease to an allocation.

Non-citizen or non-beneficiary

35. Subject to sections 35 and 38, a person who is not a citizen or who is not a beneficiary may not possess an allocation.

Life estate - non-citizen or non-beneficiary

- 36. (1) Despite section 34, a non-citizen or non-beneficiary immediate family member of a citizen or beneficiary may obtain a life estate in an allocation through testamentary disposition by the citizen or beneficiary.
- (2) At the end of the life estate an allocation reverts to Kwanlin Dün First Nation.

Life estate conditions

- 37. A life estate in an allocation:
 - (a) remains subject to all of the terms, conditions, exceptions and reservations to which the allocation was subject; and

(b) subject to the approval of the director, may be transferred, devised or otherwise disposed of.

Allocation holder dies intestate

38. (1) Subject to subsection (2), if an allocation holder dies intestate, the allocation must revert to Kwanlin Dün First Nation, free from any claim of the allocation holder.

(2) If the deceased holds the allocation in common with one or more other citizens or beneficiaries, those citizens or beneficiaries must be offered the right of first refusal to acquire the deceased's interest in the allocation, with the deceased's share to be divided equally between those citizens or beneficiaries as agreed.

Transfer of allocation by will to non-citizen or non-beneficiary

39. Despite section 34, if an allocation is devised by testamentary disposition to a non-citizen or non-beneficiary, the non-citizen or non-beneficiary devisee is deemed to have received a life estate in the allocation.

Grant of interest - lease

40. Subject to this Act, regulations and rules, the director may grant to a person a lease of a parcel of settlement land in accordance with the criteria and procedure set out in the rules or regulations.

Amendment or renewal of lease

41. Subject to this Act, regulations and rules, the director may grant to a person an amendment to or a renewal of a lease of a parcel of settlement land in accordance with the criteria and procedure set out in the rules or regulations

Limitation on number of leases

42. The Council may limit the number, area or class of settlement land parcels that may be leased.

Grant of interest - easement

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43. Subject to this Act, regulations and rules, the director may grant to a person an easement over a parcel of settlement land in accordance with the criteria and procedure set out in the rules or regulations.

Application for grant, amendment to or renewal of interest

- 44. Subject to the rules and regulations, a person may apply for an interest in, an amendment to or a renewal of an interest in settlement land by
- (a) submitting to the director an application containing the information prescribed by the rules or regulations and in the form determined by the director;
- (b) paying to the director the prescribed fee for the application; and
- (c) providing further information to the director that the director determines is necessary for making a decision under section 45.

Applicant - no priority

45. For greater certainty, a person who submits an application for an interest in settlement land does not have priority in respect of that interest by virtue of the submission of an application.

Decision – grant, amend or renew

- 46. Subject to section 47, on receiving an application from an applicant under section 43 the director must, in accordance with the criteria set out in regulations,
 - (a) grant, amend or renew an interest in settlement land;
 - (b) grant, amend or renew an interest in settlement land subject to terms and conditions; or
 - (c) refuse to grant, amend or renew an interest in settlement land.

Written reasons

47. The director must provide an applicant with written reasons for his decision under paragraph 45 (b) or (c).

Benefits agreement as condition of grant of interest

- 48. (1) If the director grants an interest in settlement land to an applicant, the director may as a condition to the grant, require the applicant to enter into a benefits agreement with Kwanlin Dün First Nation.
- (2) If the director requires an applicant to enter into a benefits agreement in accordance with subsection (1) the benefits agreement must contain the prescribed terms and conditions required by the regulations or by the director.
- (3) The terms and conditions of a benefits agreement are terms and conditions of the interest to which the benefits agreement relates.

Interest holder - registration

49. The holder of an interest in settlement land, other than settlement land this is registered under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon), must register the instrument in the lands and resources register.

Interest holder – taxes and fees

50. The holder of an interest in settlement land must pay all property taxes and fees lawfully imposed by a government.

Transfer or assignment of interest – not allocation

51. Subject to the rules and regulations, the director may approve an assignment or transfer of an interest, other than an allocation, in settlement land.

Decision - Termination of interest

52. Subject to the rules and regulations, the director may terminate an interest in settlement land that is registered under this Act.

PART 5 ACCESS TO AND USE OF SETTLEMENT LAND

DIVISION 1 PROHIBITIONS

Prohibition – no access to or use of settlement land

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53. Subject to the final agreement, a person must not access or use settlement land except in accordance with this Act.

Prohibition – specified substances

54. Subject to the final agreement, a person must not use a specified substance for commercial purposes except in accordance an authorization.

Prohibition – no littering

- 55. A person must not abandon or discard litter on settlement land, except
 - (a) in a litter receptacle placed for the purpose of collecting it;
 - (b) in accordance with an interest or an authorization; or
 - (c) in accordance with the rules or regulations.

Prohibition – no pollution

56. A person must not release a substance that could cause pollution on settlement land, except

- (a) in accordance with an interest or an authorization; or
- (b) in accordance with the rules or regulations.

Prohibition – no environmental degradation

- 57. A person must not undertake an activity on settlement land that results in the environmental degradation of settlement land except
 - (a) in accordance with an interest or an authorization; or
 - (b) in accordance with the rules or regulations.

Exception to prohibitions

- 58. (1) Section 52 does not apply to a citizen or beneficiary exercising aboriginal rights or other rights pursuant to the final agreement in a manner that is not incompatible with other uses authorized under this Act.
 - (2) Sections 52, 54, 55 and 56 do not apply to a person employed or contracted by a government while the person is involved in the delivery of emergency services or actions

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undertaken to protect public health, welfare or safety or to prevent irreparable harm to the environment.

DIVISION 2 AUTHORIZATIONS

Access or use by citizens or beneficiaries for traditional activities

59. Subject to the final agreement or this Act, a citizen or beneficiary may access or use settlement land for the purpose of carrying out traditional activities.

Authorization

60. Subject to the rules or regulations, the director may issue to a person an authorization to access, use or develop settlement land.

Application – authorization, amendment, renewal, assignment or cancellation

- 61. Subject to the rules or regulations, a person may apply for an authorization, or the amendment, renewal, assignment or cancellation of an authorization to access, use or develop settlement land by
 - (a) submitting to the director an application containing the information prescribed by the regulations and in the form determined by the director;
 - (b) paying to the director the prescribed fee for the application; and
 - (c) providing further information to the director that the director determines is necessary for making a decision under sections 62 or 63.

Applicant - no priority

62. For greater certainty, a person who submits an application under section 60 does not have priority in respect of that authorization by virtue of the submission of an application.

Decision - issuance of authorization

- 63. Subject to section 66, on receiving an application from an applicant under section 60 the director must, in accordance with the criteria set out in regulations:
 - (a) issue an authorization;
 - (b) issue an authorization subject to terms and conditions; or

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(c) refuse to issue an authorization.

Decision - amendment, renewal, assignment or cancellation

- 64. On receiving an application for the amendment, renewal, assignment or cancellation of an authorization under section 60 and in accordance with the criteria set out in regulations, the director must:
 - (a) approve an amendment, assignment, renewal or cancellation;
 - (b) approve an amendment, assignment, or renewal subject to terms and conditions; or
 - (c) refuse to approve an amendment, assignment, renewal or cancellation.

Written reasons

65. The director must provide an applicant with written reasons for his decision under subsection 62 (b) or (c) or subsection 63 (b) or (c).

Authorization holder - registration

- 66. An authorization holder must register the following authorizations in the lands and resources register:
 - (a) an authorization issued under subsection 62(a) or (b) or subsection 79(a) or (b); or
 - (b) an amendment, renewal, assignment or cancellation approved under section subsection 63(a) or (b).

Benefits agreement as condition of authorization

67. (1) If the director issues an authorization to an applicant, the director may as a condition to the issuance of the authorization, require the applicant to enter into a benefits agreement with Kwanlin Dün First Nation.

(2) If the director requires an applicant to enter into a benefits agreement in accordance with subsection (1), the benefits agreement must contain the prescribed terms and conditions required by the regulations or by the director.

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(3) The terms and conditions of a benefits agreement are terms and conditions of the authorization to which the benefits agreement relates.

Suspension or cancellation of authorization

68. Subject to the regulations, the director may suspend or cancel an authorization.

Authorization is void

69. An authorization is void if it is issued or granted based upon a false statement or false information given either orally or in writing.

No transfer of authorization

- 70. (1) Without the approval of the director, a person must not transfer an authorization to another person.
- (2) If a person transfers an authorization to another person without the approval of the director, the transfer of the authorization is of no effect.

Authorization is personal

71. Without the approval of the director, a person must not exercise a right or privilege conferred by an authorization that is issued in the name of another person.

No duplication of authorizations

72. A person must not alter, imitate or duplicate an authorization.

Abandonment of authorization

73. Unless the director determines otherwise, if an authorization holder abandons an authorization, all structures, fixtures or chattels situated on settlement land become the property of Kwanlin Dün First Nation.

PART 6 DEVELOPMENT AND SUBDIVISION

Must have registered interest or authorization to develop

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74. A person must not undertake development on settlement land unless

- (a) he has an interest registered in accordance with Part 9 of this Act or under the *Land Titles Ac*t, 2015 (Yukon) that authorizes the development, or
- (b) he has an authorization issued in accordance with this Part.

Must have registered interest or approval to subdivide

75. A person must not subdivide settlement land unless

- (a) he has an interest registered in accordance with Part 9 of this Act or under the *Land Titles Ac*t, 2015 (Yukon) that authorizes the subdivision; or
- (b) he has received approval from the director to subdivide in accordance with this Part.

Authorization or approval

76. The director may

- (a) issue an authorization to undertake development on settlement land; or
- (b) approve a request to subdivide settlement land.

Developments to conform to land use plans and zoning regulations

- 77. Except as authorized by the director, development on settlement land is not allowed unless it conforms to the applicable land use plans and zoning requirements.Subdivision must comply with Act or Land Titles Act, 2015 (Yukon)
- 78. A subdivision of settlement land is not valid unless it is made in accordance with this Act and the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon).

Application for authorization to develop

- 79. Subject to the rules or regulations, a person may apply for an authorization to undertake development on settlement land by
 - (a) submitting to the director an application containing the information prescribed by the regulations or rules and in the form determined by the director;

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- (b) paying to the director the prescribed fee for the application; and
- (c) providing further information to the director that the director determines is necessary for making a decision under section 79.

Decision - authorization to develop

- 80. On receiving an application from an applicant under section 78 and in accordance with the criteria set out in the rules or regulations, the director must:
 - (a) issue an authorization;
 - (b) issue an authorization subject to terms and conditions; or
 - (c) refuse to issue an authorization.

Request for approval to subdivide

81. A person may make a request to the director to subdivide settlement land by

- (a) submitting to the director a request containing the information prescribed by the rules or regulations and in the form determined by the director; and
- (b) providing further information to the director that the director determines is necessary for making a decision under section 81.

Decision - approval to subdivide

- 82. On receiving a request from an applicant under section 80 and in accordance with the criteria set out in the rules or regulations, the director must:
 - (a) approve a request;
 - (b) approve a request subject to terms and conditions; or
 - (c) refuse to approve a request.

Revocation of authorization to develop

83. Subject to the rules or regulations, the director may revoke an authorization to undertake development on settlement land.

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Revocation of approval to subdivide

84. Subject to the rules or regulations, the director may revoke an approval to subdivide settlement land.

PART 7 SECURITY

Director may require security

- 85. (1) The director may require an applicant or an interest or authorization holder to provide financial security in an amount specified in, or determined in accordance with the regulations, and in a form prescribed by regulation
 - (a) to ensure the performance or completion of the obligations set out in an authorization or an instrument; or
 - (b) if there is a risk of adverse environmental effects as a result of the issuance of an authorization or the granting of an interest.

(2) Security provided under paragraph(1)(a) or (b) may be applied by the director to reimburse Kwanlin Dün First Nation, either wholly or partially, for reasonable costs incurred by Kwanlin Dün First Nation to carry out remedial or preventative work to protect, conserve, restore or rehabilitate settlement land.

(3) If the director is satisfied that a person has performed or completed all of the obligations set out in an authorization or an instrument, the director must return the portion of security that will not be required under subsection (2).

(4) If the director is satisfied that the risk of adverse environmental effects no longer exists, the director must return the portion of security that will not be required under subsection (2).

(5) If an interest has been transferred or an authorization has been assigned, the director must return the portion of security that will not be required under subsection (2) to the transferor or assignor.

Director may amend security

86. Subject to the regulations, the director may amend the amount of security to be paid under subsection 84(1).

PART 8 EXPROPRIATION OF INTERESTS IN SETTLEMENT LAND

Authority to expropriate

87. An interest in settlement land that, in the opinion of the Council, is required by Kwanlin Dün First Nation for a public work or other public purpose may be expropriated by Kwanlin Dün First Nation in accordance with this Part.

Notice of intention to expropriate

- 88. (1) If, in the opinion of the Council, an interest in settlement land is required by Kwanlin Dün First Nation for a public work or other public purpose, the Council must register a notice of intention to expropriate the interest or right, signed by the Council, setting out
- (a) a description of the land;
- (b) the nature of the interest or right intended to be expropriated and whether the interest or right is intended to be subject to an existing interest in land or immovable real right;
- (c) an indication of the public work or other public purpose for which the interest or right is required; and
- (d) a statement that it is intended that the interest or right be expropriated by Kwanlin Dün First Nation
- (2) The registrar must provide the director with a report setting out the names and latest known addresses, if any, of the persons appearing, according to the records of the registrar, to have any estate, interest or right in the land referred to in paragraph (1)(a).

Registration of notice

89. On receiving from the Council a notice of intention to expropriate the registrar must register the notice in the lands and resources register, together with a plan of the land to which the notice relates, after conducting any investigations and searches respecting the state of the title to the land that appear to him to be necessary or desirable.

Validity of notice — nature of the interest or right

90. A notice registered under section 87 is not invalid by reason only that it does not set out the nature of the interest or right intended to be expropriated and, in that case, the interest or right

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intended to be expropriated includes all the interests in the land or rights to which the notice relates.

Validity of notice — existing interest in land

91. A notice registered under section 87 is not invalid by reason only that it does not set out whether the interest or right intended to be expropriated is intended to be subject to an existing interest in land or right to which the notice relates, and, if it does not do so, the interest or right intended to be expropriated is not subject to that existing interest or right.

Publication of notice

- 92. If a notice of intention to expropriate an interest in land has been registered, the director must
- (a) publish a copy of the notice in at least one issue of a publication, if any, in general circulation within the area in which the land is situated, within thirty days after the registration of the notice, and
- (b) send a copy of the notice to each person whose name is set out in the report of the registrar referred to in subsection 87(2), as soon as practicable after the registration of the notice.

Statement regarding right to object

93. A notice published or copy sent as described in paragraphs 91(a) or (b) must include a statement that indicates that a person has a right to object to the intended expropriation.

Objections

- 94. A person who objects to the intended expropriation of an interest in land to which a notice of intention relates may, within 30 calendar days after the day on which the notice is given, serve on the director an objection in writing stating:
- (a) the name and address of that person;
- (b) the nature of the objection;
- (c) the grounds on which the objection is based; and
- (d) the nature of the interest of that person in the matter of the intended expropriation.

Copy of reasons to be sent

95. If the Council, after receiving and considering an objection served on the director by a person under section 93, has confirmed an intention to expropriate an interest in land, or a more limited interest or right in it the Council must, if effect was not given to the objection, send a copy of the reasons that the director had for not giving it effect to the person.

Registration of notice of confirmation to expropriate

96. (1) On receiving from the Council, a notice of confirmation to expropriate, the registrar must register the notice of confirmation together with any revised plan of the land.

(2) If the land to which the notice of confirmation relates has been altered from the land described in the notice of intention, the director must revise the plan of the land to which the notice of confirmation relates and submit the revised plan to the registrar to be registered with the notice of confirmation.

Effect of registration of notice

- 97. On the registration of a notice of confirmation,
- (a) the interest or right confirmed to be expropriated becomes and is absolutely vested in Kwanlin Dün First Nation; and
- (b) any other estate, interest or right is, as against Kwanlin Dün First Nation or any person claiming on behalf of or under the direction of Kwanlin Dün First Nation, thereby lost to the extent that the estate, interest or right is inconsistent with the interest or right confirmed to be expropriated.

Copies to be sent

98. When a notice of confirmation to expropriate has been registered, the director must, immediately after the registration of the notice, send a copy of the notice to each person then appearing to have any estate, interest or right in the land, so far as the records of the registrar indicate, and to each other person who served an objection on the director under section 93.

Offer of full compensation to be made

99. (1) Within 90 calendar days after the day on which the notice is registered, the director must make to each person who is entitled to compensation, in respect of an expropriated interest or right to which the notice of confirmation relates, an offer in writing of compensation, in an amount estimated by the director to be equal to the compensation to which that person is then entitled in respect of that interest or right, not conditional on the provision by that person of any

release or releases and without prejudice to the right of that person, if the person accepts the offer, to claim additional compensation in respect thereof.

(2) An offer of compensation made to a person under this section in respect of an expropriated interest or right shall be based on a written appraisal of the value of that interest or right, and a copy of the appraisal shall be sent to that person at the time of the making of the offer.

Offer accepted

100. If an offer of compensation has been made to a person under section 98, the full amount of the offer must, on the acceptance of the offer, be paid to that person immediately.

Right to compensation

- 101. Compensation is to be paid by Kwanlin Dün First Nation to each person who, immediately before the registration of a notice of confirmation, was the owner or holder of an estate, interest or right in the land to which the notice relates, to the extent of their expropriated interest or right, the amount of which compensation is equal to the aggregate of
 - (a) the value of the expropriated interest or right at the time of its taking, and
- (b) the amount of any decrease in value of the remaining property of the owner or holder.

Duties of registrar

102. The registrar must permanently preserve in the land and resources register any notices and plans that the Council has registered and must endorse on the notices and plans the day, hour and minute when they were received as the time of registration and make entries in the records or register that will make their registration public.

PART 9 LANDS AND RESOURCES REGISTER

Establishment of lands and resources register

- 103. The lands and resources register is established and must contain:
 - (a) every application approved under this Act;
 - (b) every certificate of allocation issued under this Act;

- (c) every certificate of allocation revoked under this Act;
- (d) every lease, sub-lease, licence of occupation, easement, restrictive covenant, caveat or other similar instruments issued under this Act;
- (e) every authorization issued or cancelled under this Act;
- (f) every notice of intent to expropriate;
- (g) every notice of confirmation of expropriation;
- (h) a record of all settlement lands withdrawn by Kwanlin Dün First Nation and the purpose for the withdrawals;
- (i) a record of all settlement lands held by Kwanlin Dün First Nation for public purposes;
- (j) a record of all settlement lands expropriated by Kwanlin Dün First Nation;
- (k) a record of all reservations and exceptions as set out in 5.4.2 of the final agreement;
- (I) any other document required to be registered under this Act.

Registrar and deputy registrar

- 104. (1) The director may appoint a registrar and a deputy registrar of the register of lands and resources.
- (2) The deputy registrar will have all the functions and powers of the registrar in the absence of the registrar or in the event of the registrar's inability to act.
- (3) The registrar may delegate some or all of her powers and responsibilities under this Act to a person or class of persons.

Prohibited activities

105. The registrar must not directly or indirectly act as the agent of any person investing money in settlement land or taking securities on settlement land.

Duties of the registrar

106. (1) The registrar must perform the following duties:

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- (a) maintain the lands and resources register;
- (b) register and record documents in accordance with this Act, regulations and rules; and
- (c) provide for the security of the information contained in the lands and resources register.

Records to be kept by registrar

107. The registrar must keep a record of all documents set out in section 102.

Assignment of numbers

- 108. For each application, certificate of allocation, lease, easement, authorization or other instrument registered under this Act, the registrar must
 - (a) assign a number to the application, authorization, certificate, or other instrument; and
 - (b) note on the application, authorization, certificate, or other instrument the number assigned in paragraph (a).

Time of receipt to be recorded on an instrument

109. The registrar must note on an instrument submitted for registration the day, hour and minute the instrument was received by the registrar.

Registration of an instrument

- 110. An instrument is registered in the lands and resources register when the registrar:
 - (a) notes the number on the instrument;
 - (b) notes the day, hour and minute the instrument was received on the instrument; and
 - (c) records the number of the instrument in the lands and resources register.

Effect of registration

111. An instrument becomes operative according to its purpose and intent when it is registered in the lands and resources register, and on registration it creates, transfers or surrenders as the case may be, the land or estate or interest mentioned in the instrument.

Public Information

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112. Subject to section 113, a document registered in the lands and resources register is public information.

Copies of documents

- 113. Subject to section 113, the registrar must provide a copy of or make available for viewing a document registered in the lands and resources register within 5 business days of receipt of
 - (a) a request made to the registrar in the prescribed form; and
 - (b) payment of the applicable fees.

Confidential information

114. Without the approval of the director, the registrar must not disclose personal information or information that may be harmful to the financial interests of a person.

Category A or Category B settlement land

- 115. (1) The director may apply to have a parcel of Category A or Category B settlement land brought under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon).
- (2) For greater certainty, the provisions of the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon) apply to settlement land registered under that Act.

PART 10 ADMINISTRATION

Department of Heritage, Lands and Resources

116. The Department of Heritage, Lands and Resources of the Kwanlin Dün First Nation is established and will be directed by the Council.

Appointment of director

117. The Council must appoint a director to exercise the powers granted to and perform the duties required of the director by this Act.

Responsibilities of director

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- 118. (1) The director is the head of the department and is responsible for the administration of this Act, regulations and rules.
- (2) The director may, subject to any terms and conditions that the director considers appropriate, delegate in writing any of his powers, duties or functions to:
 - (a) a manager of the Department of Heritage, Lands and Resources;
 - (b) a director employed by Kwanlin Dün First Nation; or
 - (c) the head of a Kwanlin Dün First Nation economic development corporation.

Rule making

- 119. The director may make rules:
 - (a) prescribing the form for a certificate, instrument, notice, permit, request or other document that may be issued, registered or made under this Act;
 - (b) prescribing the information to be included in a certificate, instrument, notice, permit or other document that may be issued, registered or made under this Act;
 - (c) prescribing the information to be submitted in connection with an application;
 - (d) prescribing the standards and requirements for land surveys, plan preparation and monumentation for the purpose of delineating and describing the boundary, area, and dimensions of a parcel or part of a parcel;
 - (e) prescribing the terms and conditions of interests and authorizations;
 - (f) prescribing the criteria for the waiver of fees under section 120;
 - (g) respecting the procedures related to
 - i. an application for an interest or authorization;
 - ii. a request for subdivision;
 - iii. the management of the register;

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- iv. the submission of an instrument or caveat;
- v. the registration of an instrument or caveat;
- vi. the creation of electronic documents or records permitted under this Act;
- vii. changing the name of a person in the records of the register;
- viii. the cancellation of an interest or authorization;
- ix. the registration of an interest or authorization;
- x. the registration of a discharge or withdrawal of an instrument or caveat registered under this Act;
- xi. the registration of a power of attorney;
- xii. the registration of a certificate of pending litigation;
- xiii. the cancellation of a certificate of pending litigation.

Authorization and publication of rules

120. Immediately after a rule is made, the director must sign, date and publish it on the official Kwanlin Dün First Nation website.

Waiver of fees or rents

121. In accordance with the rules, the director may waive a prescribed fee or rent.

Agreements with other governments

122. Subject to the approval of the Council, the director may enter into an agreement related to planning, zoning, development, subdivision, and local government services with another government.

Agreements with other persons

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123. Subject to the approval of the Council, the director may enter into a land development agreement with another person.

PART 11 ENFORCEMENT AND COMPLIANCE

DIVISION 1 COMPLIANCE

Inspectors

124. For the purposes of the administration and enforcement of this Act, the Council must appoint an individual as an inspector to exercise powers or perform functions in relation to any matter referred to in the appointment.

Agreements with other governments

- 125. (1) The Council may enter in an agreement with another government:
 - (a) to allow an inspector appointed under this Act to enforce legislation enacted by the other government; or
 - (b) to allow an individual or a class of individuals employed by the other government to be appointed as an inspector for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) While an appointment under paragraph 123(1)(b) is in effect, the appointee is an inspector for the purposes of this Act and has all the powers and protections that an inspector has under this Act, subject to any conditions imposed on the appointment.

Certificate to be produced

126. An inspector must be given a certificate in a form established by the director attesting to the inspector's appointment and, on entering a place pursuant to subsection 127(1), an inspector must, if so required, produce the certificate to the person in charge of that place.

Immunity

127. An inspector is not personally liable for anything he does or omits to do in good faith while carrying out duties or exercising powers under this Act, including any failure to exercise a discretionary authority.

Powers of inspectors

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- 128. (1) Subject to subsection (2), for the purposes of this Act and regulations, an inspector may, at any reasonable time enter and inspect a place for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this Act and the inspector may:
 - (a) open or cause to be opened any container that the inspector believes, on reasonable grounds, contains a thing or document to which the provisions of this Act apply and
 - i. inspect the thing and take samples free of charge; and
 - ii. copy the document, in whole or in part free of charge;
 - (b) require any person to produce documents for inspection or copying, in whole or in part;
 - (c) conduct any tests or analyses and take any measurements;
 - (d) use or cause to be used a computer system at the place to examine data contained in or available to the computer system and reproduce in any form data contained in or available to the computer system;
 - (e) use a copying equipment at the place to make copies of a record or document.

(2) An inspector may, without a warrant, seize a thing that is produced to the inspector or that is in plain view during an inspection under subsection (1) if the inspector reasonably believes that there has been a contravention of this Act and that the thing will afford evidence of the contravention.

(3) If a place mentioned in subsection (1) is a dwelling-house, an inspector may not enter that dwelling-house without the consent of the occupant except under the authority of a warrant issued under subsection (4).

(4) If on application by an inspector, without notice to another person, a justice of the peace is satisfied by information on oath

- (a) that the conditions for entry described in subsection (1) exist in relation to a dwelling-house,
- (b) that entry to the dwelling-house is necessary for a purpose relating to the administration or enforcement of this Act, and
- (c) that entry to the dwelling-house has been refused or that there are reasonable grounds for believing that entry to the dwelling-house will be refused,

the justice of the peace may issue a warrant authorizing the inspector to enter that dwelling-house subject to such conditions as may be specified in the warrant.

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(5) If on application by an inspector, without notice to another person, a justice of the peace is satisfied by information on oath

- (a) the conditions for entry described in subsection (1) exist in relation to a place other than a private dwelling-place;
- (b) entry to that place is necessary for any purpose relating to the administration of this Act;
- (c) entry to that place has been refused, the inspector was not able to enter without the use of force or the place was abandoned; and
- (d) subject to subsection (6), all reasonable attempts were made to notify the owner, operator or person in charge of the place,

the justice may issue a warrant authorizing the inspector to conduct an inspection of the place, subject to any conditions that may be specified in the warrant, and authorizing another person named in the warrant to accompany the inspector and exercise a power specified in the warrant.

(6) The justice may waive the requirement to give notice referred to in subsection (5) where the justice is satisfied that attempts to give the notice would be unsuccessful because the owner, operator or person in charge is absent from the jurisdiction of the justice or that it is not in the public interest to give the notice.

(7) In executing a warrant issued under subsection (4) or (5), an inspector must not use force unless the use of force has been specifically authorized in the warrant.

Production of documents

- 129. (1) The Council may, for the purposes of this Act and the regulations, require a person to produce at a place specified by the Council a thing referred to in subsection 127(2) within a reasonable time and in a reasonable manner.
- (2) A person who is required to produce a thing under subsection (1) must, despite any other law to the contrary, do so as required.

Authority to issue warrant for search and seizure

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- 130. (1) If on application by an inspector, without notice to another person, a justice of the peace is satisfied by information on oath that there are reasonable grounds to believe that there is in a place
 - (a) a thing by means of or in relation to which a provision of this Act or the regulations has been contravened, or
 - (b) a thing that there are reasonable grounds to believe will afford evidence with respect to the commission of an offence under this Act,
- the justice may issue a warrant authorizing an inspector, or authorizing another person named in the warrant, to enter and search the place and to seize a thing referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) subject to conditions that may be specified in the warrant.
- (2) A person authorized by a warrant issued under subsection (1) may
 - (a) at a reasonable time enter and search a place referred to in the warrant;
 - (b) seize and detain a thing referred to in the warrant; and
 - (c) exercise the powers described in subsection 127(1).
- (3) An inspector may exercise the powers described in subsection (2) without a warrant if the conditions for obtaining the warrant exist but by reason of exigent circumstances it would not be practical to obtain the warrant.
- (4) For greater certainty, exigent circumstances include circumstances in which the delay necessary to obtain a warrant under subsection (1) would result in danger to human life or the environment or the loss or destruction of evidence.

Posting of signs and notices

- 131. (1) An inspector may post signs or notices on settlement land in order to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) A person must not, without lawful authority, remove, alter, destroy or damage a sign or notice posted under the authority of this Act.

Obstruction

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132. A person must not hinder or obstruct an inspector or an individual who has been appointed by the Council to enforce or administer this Act, if such individual is exercising powers or carrying out functions and duties under this Act.

Production of authorization

133. A person who is a holder of an authorization or is exercising a right or privilege granted by an authorization must show the authorization to an inspector upon request.

False statements

134. A person must not knowingly make a false or misleading statement, either orally or in writing, to an inspector or to the director.

DIVISION 2 ENFORCEMENT

Notice of non-compliance

- 135. (1) An inspector may issue a notice of non-compliance to a person when the inspector believes that the person, or a development under the person's control, is not in compliance with this Act.
- (2) A notice under subsection (1) must state:
- (a) the nature of the non-compliance;
- (b) a request for compliance;
- (c) the steps which must be taken to achieve compliance; and
- (d) the date by which compliance must be affected.
- (3) If an inspector is satisfied that a person to whom a notice of non-compliance was issued has affected compliance as set out in the notice, the inspector must withdraw the notice.
- (4) A person must not ignore, disobey or disregard a notice of non-compliance issued under subsection (1).
- (5) If a person to whom a notice of non-compliance is given under this section does not comply with notice, an inspector may take the measures set out in the notice and may for that purpose enter a place, subject to subsection 127(3).

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Order by inspector

- 136. (1) In addition to an applicable fine, penalty or remedy, an inspector may by written order:
 - (a) revoke or temporarily suspend an authorization if the inspector is of the opinion that the terms and conditions of an authorization have not been complied with by the holder of the authorization;
 - (b) require that a person stop carrying out an activity, use or development if that person has not received authorization under this Act;
 - (c) direct a person to remove a structure, work or installation;
 - (d) direct the registered owner, occupant or tenant of a property to clean up the property; or
 - (e) stop a person from accessing settlement land if that person has not received authorization under this Act.

Pollution abatement order

- 137. (1) If an inspector is satisfied on reasonable grounds that a substance is causing pollution on settlement land, the inspector may order the following persons to do the things referred to in subsection (2):
 - (a) a person who had possession, charge or control of the substance at the time it was introduced or escaped into the environment;
 - (b) a person who owns or occupies the land on which the substance is located or on which the substance was located immediately before it was introduced into the environment; or
 - (c) a person who caused or authorized the pollution.
- (2) An order under subsection (1) must be served on the person to whom it applies and may require that person, at his expense, to do one or more of the following:
 - (a) provide to the inspector information that the inspector requests relating to the pollution;
 - (b) undertake investigations, tests, surveys and another action the inspector considers necessary to determine the extent and effects of the pollution and to report the results to the inspector;

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- (c) acquire, construct or carry out any works or measures that are reasonably necessary to control, abate or stop the pollution;
- (d) adjust, repair or alter a structure, facility, building, or installation to the extent reasonably necessary to control, abate or stop the pollution;
- (e) abate the pollution; or
- (f) carry out remediation in accordance with any criteria established by the director.
- (3) An order under subsection (1) may authorize a person designated by the inspector to enter land for the purpose of controlling, abating or stopping the pollution or to carry out remediation.

Amendment or cancellation of order

138. An inspector may amend or cancel an order made under this Division.

PART 12 OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

DIVISION 1 OFFENCES

Offence

139. A person commits an offence who

- (a) contravenes a provision of this Act;
- (b) fails to comply with an obligation arising from this Act, a requirement imposed under this Act or a request made under this Act;
- (c) contravenes a prohibition arising from this Act;
- (d) contravenes a condition of a permission granted under this Act;
- (e) fails to comply with a direction given under this Act;
- (f) contravenes a provision of the regulations:

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- (g) negligently, with respect to a matter related to this Act or the regulations, provides a person with false or misleading information, results or samples; or
- (h) negligently, with respect to a matter related to this Act or the regulations, files a document that contains false or misleading information.

Continuing offence

140. If a person commits an offence referred to in section 138 on more than one day consecutively, each day that the person commits the offence constitutes a separate offence.

Offences by corporations

141. If a corporation commits an offence under this Act, an officer, director or agent of the corporation who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced or participated in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence and is liable on conviction to the penalty provided under this Act, whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted.

Due diligence

- 142. A person must not be convicted of an offence under this Act if the person establishes that she:
 - (a) exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence; or
 - (b) reasonably and honestly believed in the existence of facts that, if true, would render the person's conduct innocent.

DIVISION 2 PENALTIES

Penalties

- 143. (1) A person who commits an offence under section 138 is liable on summary conviction,
 - (a) for a first offence, to a fine not exceeding \$150,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both, and
 - (b) for a second or subsequent offence, to a fine not exceeding \$300,000 or to imprisonment for a term of not more than one year, or to both.
- (2) A fine paid into court under this section must be paid to the Kwanlin Dün First Nation.

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Orders upon conviction

- 144. (1) If a person is convicted of an offence under this Act, in addition to or instead of a fine or other penalty, the court may require the convicted person:
 - (a) to take any action as may be necessary to refrain from causing any further adverse effect;
 - (b) to take all or part of the action necessary to prevent, decrease or eliminate the effects on the natural environment of the offence and to restore the natural environment within the period of time specified in the order;
 - (c) to make restitution to any person who suffered damages as a result of the commission of the offence as the judge may consider appropriate;
 - (d) to perform community service;
 - (e) to publish, in a manner the court considers appropriate, the facts relating to the commission of the offence including the penalty imposed; or
 - (f) to undertake any other actions as may be necessary to achieve compliance.
- (2) An order under subsection (1) may contain such other conditions relating to the circumstances of the offence and of the person that contributed to the commission of the offence as the court considers appropriate to prevent similar unlawful conduct or to contribute to rehabilitation.

Tickets

- 145. If an inspector believes on reasonable grounds that a person has committed an offence under this Act, then, as an alternative to prosecution for the offence or other sanctions, the inspector may issue a ticket against the alleged offender in the following amount:
 - (a) for a first offence, up to \$500 and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further penalty of up to \$500 for each day or part of a day during which the offence continues after the first day; and
 - (b) for a second or subsequent offence, up to \$1,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day or part of a day during which the offence continues after the first day.

Ticket endorsement

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146. A ticket issued in respect of an offence under this Act must bear the following endorsement: "A conviction arising from the issuance of this ticket may constitute a prior conviction for the purposes of imposing a higher penalty for any subsequent conviction under the *Lands Act*, 2020".

Limitation period

- 147. Proceedings under this Act relating to an offence must not be commenced later than two years after the later of:
 - (a) the day on which the offence was committed; or
 - (b) the day on which evidence of the offence sufficient to justify a prosecution for the offence first came to the knowledge of an inspector.

Procedure

148. An offence under this Act must be prosecuted as an offence or ticket against an enactment pursuant to the *Summary Conviction Act* (Yukon), with any modifications that are necessary.

Judicial notice

- 149. Judicial notice must be taken of:
 - (a) a notice of non-compliance issued by an inspector under section 134 of this Act; and
 - (b) an order made by an inspector under section 135 of this Act directing a person to stop all work or carry out measures to mitigate the effects of non-compliance.

Remedies preserved

150. A person is not relieved of other liability if he is subject to a proceeding, conviction or penalty for an offence under this Act.

Recovery of fines

151. If a fine, or any part of a fine, imposed on a person under this Act is not paid within 15 days after its imposition, or within any other time that may be allowed for its payment, the fine shall be deemed to be a debt due to the Kwanlin Dün First Nation.

Injunctions

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152. The Council may apply to a judge of the Yukon Supreme Court for and the judge may grant an injunction enjoining any person from continuing conduct that is in contravention of this Act.

PART 13 APPEALS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

Appeal

- 153. A person may make an appeal on a question of law or jurisdiction to the Judicial Council within thirty days from a decision of the director made under the following sections:
 - (a) section 45;
 - (b) section 51;
 - (c) section 62;
 - (d) section 63;
 - (e) section 67;
 - (f) section 79
 - (g) section 81;
 - (h) section 82; or
 - (i) section 83.

Judicial Review

154. A person directly affected by the matter in respect of which relief is sought may make an application to the Supreme Court of Yukon for any relief against the director or the Council by way of an injunction or declaration or by way of an order in the nature of *certiorari*, *mandamus*, *quo warranto* or prohibition.

PART 14 MISCELLANEOUS

Immunity

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- 155. No action for damages lies or may be instituted against Kwanlin Dün First Nation, or a director, manager, officer, employee, servant or agent of Kwanlin Dün First Nation:
 - (a) for anything said or done or omitted to be said or done by that person in the performance or intended performance of the person's duty, or the exercise of the person's authority; or
 - (b) for any alleged neglect or default in the performance or intended performance of the person's duty or the exercise of the person's authority.

No Immunity

- 156. Section 154 does not provide a defence if:
 - (a) Kwanlin Dün First Nation, or a manager, member, employee, servant or agent of Kwanlin Dün First Nation, has, in relation to the conduct that is the subject matter of the action, been guilty of dishonesty, gross negligence or malicious or willful misconduct; or
 - (b) the cause of action is libel or slander.

Limitation of Liability

157. Kwanlin Dün First Nation, or a director, manager, member, employee, servant or agent of Kwanlin Dün First Nation, is not liable for damages or other loss, including economic loss, sustained by a person, or to the property of a person, as a result of their neglect or failure, for any reason, to discover or detect any contraventions of this Act, or from the neglect or failure, for any reason or in any manner, to enforce this Act.

Limitation Period

- 158. An action against Kwanlin Dün First Nation for the unlawful doing of a thing that:
- (a) is purported to have been done by Kwanlin Dün First Nation under the powers conferred by this Act, and
- (b) might have been lawfully done by Kwanlin Dün First Nation if acting in the manner established by law,
- must be commenced within six (6) months after the cause of action first arose, or within a further period designated by the Council in a particular case, but not afterwards.

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Service

- 159. An order, a notice or another document that must be served under this Act, may be served by:
- (a) personally giving the order, notice or other document to the person to whom it is directed;
- (b) mailing the order, notice or other document, by registered mail, to the person to whom it is directed to the last known address for that person; or
- (c) if the person is unknown, affixing the order, notice or other document in a conspicuous location where the development or other activity of concern is occurring.

PART 15 REGULATIONS

- 160. The Council may make regulations
 - (a) prescribing the criteria for the disposition of settlement land;
 - (b) setting out the procedure to be followed for the disposition of settlement land;
 - (c) prescribing the information to be submitted to the director in connection with an application;
 - (d) prescribing the criteria for the revocation of an interest in settlement land;
 - (e) prescribing the criteria for access to, use and development of settlement land;
 - (f) prescribing terms and conditions of interests and authorizations;
 - (g) prescribing the criteria for the conversion of an allocation to a lease or the conversion of a lease to an allocation;
 - (h) respecting the amount of security that may be required to be furnished under section 84;
 - (i) determining the different classes of settlement land;

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- (j) prescribing the criteria for different classes of settlement land;
- (k) determining the designated waters under paragraph 17(g);
- (I) governing the location, size and shape of lots and other areas of settlement land to be created or subdivided;
- (m) controlling the subdivision of settlement land;
- (n) identifying contraventions of the regulations as offences and establishing applicable penalties;
- (o) prescribing the content of zoning;
- (p) determining the fees to be paid
 - i. for registration of an instrument under this Act;
 - ii. for filing of an application with the director;
 - iii. for inspection of the register maintained pursuant to section 108,
 - iv. for leases or allocations issued under this Act;
 - v. for rents required under this Act;
 - vi. for cost recovery under this Act; and
 - vii. for any land use authorized under this Act;
- (q) establishing requirements to be met in respect of
 - i. the issuance of a certificate of allocation;
 - ii. an instrument or caveat submitted for registration;
 - iii. the registration of an instrument or caveat;
 - iv. the creation of electronic documents or records permitted under this Act

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- v. changing the name of a person in the records of the register;
- vi. the cancellation of a certificate of allocation;
- vii. the registration of a development authorization;
- viii. the registration of a discharge or withdrawal of an instrument or caveat registered under this Act;
- ix. the registration of a power of attorney;
- (r) the registration or cancellation of a certificate of pending litigation; and
- (s) generally, for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this Act.

PART 16 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Existing land use plan

161. A land use plan that is in effect on the day that this Act is commenced is continued in force.

Existing interests must be registered

162. An interest in settlement land, other than an interest registered under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon), that is in effect on the day that this Act is commenced must be registered in the lands and resources register within 6 months of the day that this Act is commenced.

Existing interests

- 163. (1) Subject to section (2) an interest in settlement land that is in effect on the day that this Act is commenced is, subject to this Act, continued in force in accordance with the terms and conditions of that interest.
- (2) An interest in settlement land, other than an interest registered under the *Land Titles Act*, 2015 (Yukon), that is not registered in the lands and resources register within 6 months of the day that this is Act is commenced is invalid.

PART 17

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COMING INTO FORCE AND REPEAL

Repeal

164. The Lands and Resources Act, 2014 is repealed on the day this Act is commenced.

Commencement

165. This Act or any provision of it is commenced on a day or days to be fixed by the Council.

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SCHEDULE 1

INTERPRETIVE RULES

Interpretation

1. (1) Unless a contrary intention appears in the Act

"an Act" means an Act enacted by the Council in accordance with the Constitution;

"this Act" or "the Act" means the Lands Act;

"beneficiary" has the same meaning as in the Constitution;

"business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday or a day that is a holiday;

"calendar day" includes Saturday, Sunday and a day that is a holiday;

"citizen" has the same meaning as in the Constitution;

"Constitution" means the Constitution of the Kwanlin Dun First Nation;

"Council" has the same definition as in the Constitution;

"court" means the Supreme Court of Yukon, the Territorial Court of Yukon or other court having jurisdiction, as appropriate;

"enactment" means any of the following:

(a) an Act,(b) a regulation made under an Act, or

(c) a portion of an Act or a regulation;

"final agreement" has the same meaning as in the Constitution;

"federal law" means an enactment of the Parliament of Canada;

"government" includes a department, agency or crown corporation of a government;

"holiday" means any of the following:

(a) New Year's Day

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- (b) Heritage Day
- (c) Good Friday
- (d) Easter Monday
- (e) Victoria Day
- (f) National Aboriginal Day
- (g) Canada Day
- (h) Discovery Day
- (i) Labour Day
- (j) Thanksgiving Day
- (k) Remembrance Day
- (I) Christmas Day
- (m) Boxing Day
- (n) Another day as determined by Council;

"in this Act" includes a reference to the regulations made under the Act;

"Judicial Council" has the same meaning as in the Constitution;

"KDFN" means Kwanlin Dün First Nation;

"KDFN law" means an enactment;

"or" includes "and";

"person" includes a corporation;

"regulation" means a regulation made under an Act;

"self-government agreement" has the same meaning as in the Governance Act (KDFN);

"statutory instrument" means any of the following:

(a) regulation, or

(b) an order (except an order of a court or an order made with respect to the resolution of a dispute between two or more persons), rule, form, fee, bylaw or other similar type of instrument made under an Act;

"territorial law" means an enactment of the Yukon Legislative Assembly;

"under an Act" or "under this Act" means under the authority of that Act.

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(2) Unless a contrary intention appears in the Act, each provision of this Schedule applies to the Act.

(3) The provisions of this Schedule, including the rules set out in section 1, apply to the interpretation of this Schedule.

(4) For greater certainty, nothing in this Schedule displaces the application of a rule of construction that applies to the Act and is not inconsistent with it.

Preambles and reference aids

2. (1) In this section, "section heading" means a heading that appears in the Act immediately above or beside a section or a provision of a section.

(2) The following are part of the Act:

(a) the title;

- (b) a preamble;
- (c) headings other than section headings.
- (3) The following are not part of the Act and are to be considered to have been included editorially and for convenience of reference only:
- (a) section headings;
- (b) tables of contents;
- (c) information notes providing legislative history;
- (d) information notes providing text as an alternative for non-text content.

Enactment applies in the present

3. An enactment is to be construed as applying to circumstances as they arise.

Enactment remedial

4. (1) The words of an Act and its regulations are to be read in their entire context and in their grammatical and ordinary sense, harmoniously with the scheme of the Act, the object of the Act and the intention of the Council.

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- (2) An Act and its regulations are to be construed as being remedial and are to be given the fair, large and liberal interpretation that best ensures the attainment of their objects.
- (3) Definitions or rules of interpretation in the Act apply to all the provisions of the Act, including the provisions that contain those definitions or rules of interpretation.

Appointments

5. (1) Authority under an Act to appoint an individual to an office includes the authority to

(a) appoint the individual either for a fixed term or during

pleasure of the Council,

- (b) provide for the individual's remuneration,
- (c) provide for payment of the individuals expenses,
- (d) remove or suspend the individual,
- (e) reappoint or reinstate the individual as appointee,
- (f) appoint a deputy who has the same powers as the individual
- (i) subject to the conditions, or
- (ii) with the limitation of powers as may be specified in the appointment, and
- (g) temporarily appoint another individual to act in the office if
- (i) the office is vacant,
- (ii) the individual is absent or unable to act for any reason, including, without limitation, illness or incapacity or a conflict of interest in respect of a matter, or
- (iii) the individual gives prior notice of a temporary absence or resignation, such appointment to take effect on the office becoming vacant.
- (2) An appointment at pleasure of the Council may be revoked at any time without cause or notice.
- (3) An appointment is effective
- (i) upon acceptance by the appointee, and

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- (ii) at the beginning of the day on which the appointment is to take effect.
- (4) Subject to subsection (5), an appointment for a term that is to conclude, expire or otherwise come to an end on a specified day includes that day.
- (5) An appointment that is terminated, revoked or rescinded effective on a specified day is effective at the beginning of the specified day.

Generally included powers

6. (1) If an Act confers a power, all the powers that are necessary to exercise the power are also conferred.

- (2) In an Act
- (a) if a power is conferred on a person or body, the person or body may exercise the power from time to time;
- (b) if a power is conferred on a person or body to make regulations, the power must be construed as including the power to rescind, revoke, amend, or vary the regulations and make others;

(c) when a word is defined, other parts of speech and tenses of that word have corresponding meanings; and

(d) when the time limited for the doing of anything expires or falls on a holiday, the time so limited extends to and the thing may be done on the first following day that is not a holiday.

Gender specific references

7. In an Act, gender-specific words refer to any gender.

Number specific references

8. In an Act, words in the singular include the plural and words in the plural include the singular.

Delegation

9. (1) If the Act authorizes the holder of an office or position to delegate a power granted or a duty imposed on the office or position, the holder, despite any delegation made, may exercise the power or perform the duty.

(2) A delegation made under the Act remains valid and in effect until the delegation is revoked or expires unless

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(a) the Act provides that the delegated power or duty is repealed or so changed in substance that the power or duty is not substantially the same, or

- (b) the Act is repealed or so changed in substance that the delegation is no longer authorized.
- (3) An authority conferred by the Act to delegate a power or duty does not include the power to delegate a power to make regulations unless specifically authorized.

Computation of time

10.(1) A period of time expressed in days and described as beginning or ending on, at or with a specified day includes the specified day.

(2) A period of time expressed in days and described as beginning before, after or from a specified day excludes the specified day.

(3) A period of time described by reference to a number of days between two events excludes the day on which the first event happens and includes the day on which the second event happens.

(4) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) apply even if the period is expressed as "at least" or "not less than" a number of days or as requiring clear days.

(5) A time limit for the doing of anything that falls or expires on a holiday is extended to include the next day that is not a holiday.

(6) A time limit, for registering or filing documents or for doing anything else, that falls or expires on a day on which the place for doing so is not open during its regular hours of business is extended to include the next day the place is open during its regular hours of business.

(7) A period of time expressed as one or more consecutive months beginning or ending on, at, with, before, after or from a specified day, is counted to the date numerically corresponding to the date of the specified day in the last or first month of the period, as the case requires.

(8) A period of time expressed as one or more consecutive years beginning or ending on, at, with, before, after or from a specified day, is counted to the same date as the specified day in the last or first year of the period, as the case requires.

(9) If a period of time would end on a date in a month that has no date numerically corresponding to the first date in the period, the period ends on the first day of the next month.

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(10) A person reaches a particular age expressed in years at the beginning of the relevant anniversary of his or her birth date.

Citation of an Act and other enactments

- **11.** (1) In an Act and each other enactment
- (a) a KDFN law must be cited by reference to
- (i) its title only, or
- (ii) its title immediately followed by "KDFN" in parenthesis;
- (b) a federal law must be cited by reference to its title immediately followed by "Canada" in parenthesis; or
- (c) a territorial law must be cited by reference to its title immediately followed by "Yukon" in parenthesis.

Citation includes amendment

12. Unless the contrary intention appears, a citation or reference to the Act, another enactment, a territorial law or a federal law is considered to include each citation or reference to the Act, other enactment, territorial law or federal law, as amended.

Reference to regulations

13. A reference in the Act or another enactment to regulations is to be read as a reference to regulations made under the Act or other enactment in which the reference occurs.

Terms used in statutory instruments

14. Unless a contrary intention appears in a statutory instrument, a word or expression used in a statutory instrument has the same meaning as in the Act or other enactment authorizing the statutory instrument, whether or not the word or expression is defined in the Act.

Power to differentiate

15. The Council's power to make a regulation under the Act includes the power to make regulations that

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- (a) are general or particular in application,
- (b) are different for different classes, and
- (c) establish classes for the purposes of paragraph (b).

Defined terms

16. If a word or expression is defined in the Act, other parts of speech and grammatical forms of the same word or expression have corresponding meanings.

Common names

18. If the name commonly applied to a country, place, body, corporation, society, officer, functionary, person, party or thing is used in an enactment, that name means the country, place, body, corporation, society, officer, functionary, person, party or thing to which the name is commonly applied, even though that name is not the formal or extended designation of it.

SCHEDULE 2 LAND USE PLANS

Traditional Territory Land Vision

Marsh Lake Local Area Plan

Community Lands Plan

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